

Always show organized work.

1) Find a position function for the following curves. Specify the domain of the parameter. (15 points)

1A) The curve is a line segment that starts at $(2, 4, 0)$ when the parameter $t = 0$ and ends at $(0, 1, -1)$ when $t = 0.5$.

1B) The curve is the piece of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$ that starts at $(3, 0)$ and rotates clockwise to $(0, 5)$.

1C) The curve is the path on the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ that starts at $(25, 5)$ and ends at $(1, 1)$.

2) **Find and simplify** the arc length of $\vec{r}(t) = \langle 2t, \cosh(2t), \sinh(2t) \rangle$ for $0 \leq t \leq \ln(\sqrt{2\pi})$. (10 points)

3) Find the equation of the plane, in $ax + by + cz = d$ form, that contains the three points $P = (5, 3, 1)$, $Q = (2, 6, 2)$, and $R = (4, 4, 4)$. (10 points)

4) Let $\vec{a} = \langle 1, 2, 2 \rangle$ for all parts of this problem. (15 points)

4A) Find the angle between \vec{a} and $\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}}$.

4B) What is $(\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}})_{\vec{a}}$, the projection of $\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}}$ onto \vec{a} ?

4C) What is the error vector $(\hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}})_{\vec{a}^\perp}$?

5) Find the work done by force $\vec{F} = \langle 1, -1, 1 \rangle$ on a particle with displacement $\vec{d} = \langle 4, -2, -5 \rangle$. (3 points)

6) Find the flux of $\vec{F} = \langle 1, -1, 1 \rangle$ through the parallelogram spanned by $\vec{a} = \langle 1, 2, 2 \rangle$ and $\vec{b} = \langle 1, 2, 4 \rangle$. Positive orientation is from $\vec{a} = \langle 1, 2, 2 \rangle$ to $\vec{b} = \langle 1, 2, 4 \rangle$. (7 points)

7) Sketch the **surface** corresponding to $x^2 - y^2 + z^2 = 0$. Label axes using the positive orientation. (5 points)

8) Convert the rectangular coordinates $(-1, \sqrt{3}, 2)$ to **cylindrical and to spherical** coordinates. Show organized work. (10 points)

9) Find a parameterization for the line that contains the point $P = (1, 2, 1)$ and is parallel to the line parameterized by $\vec{\alpha}(t) = \langle 1 + 2t, 3 - 4t, 5 + 6t \rangle$. (5 points)

10) Find and simplify $\left. \frac{d(\vec{f}(t) \cdot \vec{g}(t))}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$ if $\vec{f}(0) = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle$, $f'(0) = \langle -2, 1, 2 \rangle$, and $\vec{g}(t) = \langle \cos(\pi e^t), \sin(\pi e^t), e^t \rangle$.

Show organized work. (10 points)

11) The curve C is parameterized by $\vec{r}(t)$; $r(4) = (1, 3, 5)$, $\vec{r}'(4) = \langle 1, -2, 2 \rangle$ and $\vec{r}''(4) = \langle -2, 1, 2 \rangle$.

11A) Find the curvature of C at $r(4)$. (6 points)

11B) Find the equation of the osculating plane for C at $r(4)$, and write it in standard form. (4 points)