

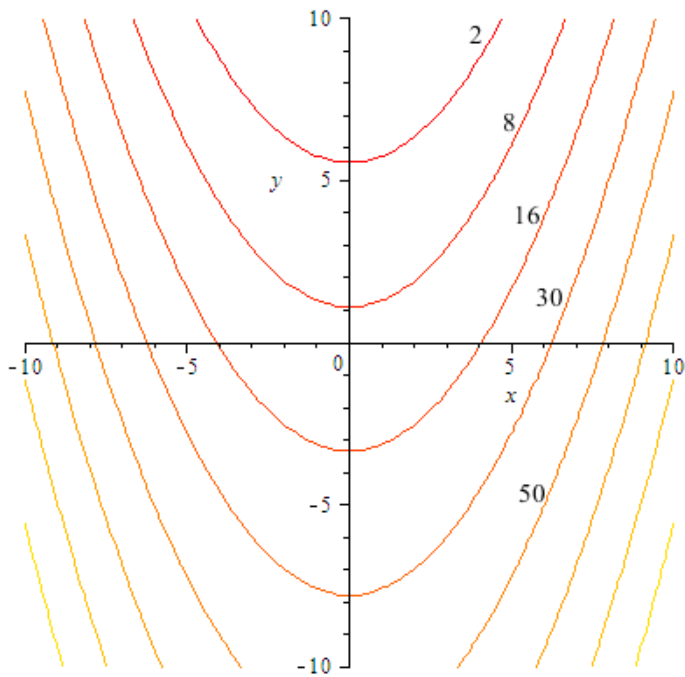
**Show work**1) Let  $\vec{v} = \langle 1, 2, 1 \rangle$  and  $\vec{w} = \langle 2, 2, 1 \rangle$ .

(15 points)

A) Find the work done by the force  $\vec{v}$  on a particle as it is displaced along the vector  $\vec{w}$ .B) Find the plane parallel to  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{w}$  that passes through the origin. Use standard form for your answer.C) Find the area of the triangle determined by  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{w}$ .D) Find the flux of the force  $\vec{F} = \langle 1, 5, 2 \rangle$  through the parallelogram determined by  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{w}$  and oriented from  $\vec{v}$  to  $\vec{w}$  by the right hand rule.E) Find the component of  $\vec{v}$  on  $\vec{w}$ .

2) Find a parameterization for the circle that lies in the plane  $z = 5$  with radius 2 that is centered at  $(2, 5, 5)$ . (5 points)

3) Use the contour plot of  $f(x, y)$  to estimate  $f_x(4, 0)$  and  $f_y(4, 0)$ . Show work and draw the appropriate segments on the contour plot. (8 points)



4) Find all first and second partial derivatives of  $f(x, y) = \cos(xy) + e^{2xy}$ . (8 points)

5) Find the equation of the plane determined by the points  $P = (0,1,-1)$ ,  $Q = (2,1,3)$ , and  $R = (-1,2,0)$ . Write your final answer in  $ax + by + cz = d$  form. (8 points)

6) Does the line determined by the points  $(6,1,-2)$  and  $(4,-3,1)$  intersect  $3x - 4y + z = -1$ ? If so, then where? If not, then explain how you know. (8 points)

7) What is the cosine of the angle between the planes  $x - y + z = 6$  and  $x + y + z = 2$ ? (4 points)

8) Draw the contour plot for  $z = x^2 - y^2$ . Label at least 8 continuous curves and distribute them equally through out the quadrants. (5 points)

9) Find an integral that represents the work done by the force  $\vec{F} = \langle 3, x, y \rangle$  on a particle that moves on the helix parameterized by  $\vec{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, t \rangle$  from  $t = 0$  to  $t = \frac{3\pi}{2}$ , and then **evaluate the integral**. (8 points)

10) Find an integral that represents the mass of the wire that lies on  $y = x^2$  from  $(1,1)$  to  $(2,4)$  in the  $xy$  - plane if its linear density is  $\delta(x, y) = 8x$ , and then **evaluate the integral**. (8 points)

11) Evaluate  $\int_C (2x - 3y) dx + x dy$  if  $C$  is the curve that moves from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(1, 0)$  to  $(0, 2)$  to  $(0, 0)$  along the perimeter of the triangle with vertices  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(1, 0)$ , and  $(0, 2)$ . (8 points)

12) A curve is parameterized by  $\vec{r}(t) = \langle \cos(2t), \sin(2t), t \rangle$ .

a) Find the curvature of the path when  $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ . (6 points)

b) Calculate  $\vec{v}(t) \cdot \vec{a}(t)$ . What can you conclude about the velocity and acceleration vectors? (4 points)

13) Suppose the path of a particle parameterized by  $\vec{r}(t)$  has the property that  $\vec{r}(t) \times \vec{v}(t) = \langle 1, 2, 2 \rangle$  for all values of  $t$ . Use the product rule to prove that  $\vec{r}(t)$  and  $\vec{a}(t)$  are parallel for all values of  $t$ . (5 points)