

**Simplify your final answers. Show work or some other defense of your answers.**

1) Use cylindrical coordinates to evaluate  $I = \int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{1-x^2-y^2} x^2 + y^2 dz dy dx$ . (10 points)

2) Set up, **BUT DO NOT EVALUATE**, an integral in spherical coordinates that is equal to  $I = \iiint_E z dV$  if E lies between the spheres of radius 2 and 4, but above the cone  $z = \sqrt{3x^2 + 3y^2}$ . (10 points)

3) Find the curl and divergence of  $\vec{F} = \langle e^y, xe^y, ye^z \rangle$ . (10 points)

4) Find the flux of  $F = \langle y, x, z \rangle$  through the piece of  $z = xy$  that lies inside  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  and is oriented up. (15 points)

5) Use **Green's** Theorem to evaluate  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  if  $\vec{F} = \langle y^2 \cos x, 5x + 2y \sin x \rangle$  and C is the triangle from (0, 0) to (2, 6) to (2, 0) to (0, 0). (10 points)

- 6) Evaluate  $I = \iint_R \frac{x-y}{2x+y} dx dy$  by making a change of variables if  $R$  is bounded by  $x-y=0$ ,  $x-y=2$ ,  $2x+y=2$ , and  $2x+y=6$  (15 points)

- 7) Find the mass of the part of the plane  $x+y+z=4$  that lies above the triangle with vertices  $(0, 0)$ ,  $(1, 0)$ , and  $(0, 2)$  if the density of the surface is  $\rho(x, y, z) = x$  grams per square cm. (15 points)

8) **Verify Green's Theorem** if  $R$  is the region inside the rectangle  $[0, 2] \times [0, 1]$  and if  $\vec{F} = \langle xy, x^2 \rangle$ .  
(15 points)