

1. (4 points) Solve $y'' + 6y' + 9y = \cos(\pi t)\delta(t-1)$ if $y(0) = 0 = y'(0)$.

$$\underline{\underline{\Rightarrow}} \quad s^2 \bar{y} + 6s \bar{y} + 9 \bar{y} = \cos(\pi \cdot 1) e^{-s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \bar{y} (s+3)^2 = -1 e^{-s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \bar{y} = \frac{-e^{-s}}{(s+3)^2} \quad ; \quad \text{This is a } t\text{-axis translation signaled by } e^{-s} \\ \text{and an } s\text{-axis translation of } \frac{1}{s^2}.$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad y(t) = -f(t-1)H(t-1) \quad \text{where} \quad \mathcal{L}(f(t)) = \frac{1}{(s+3)^2}.$$

$$f(t) = e^{-3t} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^2}\right) = e^{-3t} \cdot t$$

$$\therefore y(t) = -e^{-3(t-1)}(t-1)H(t-1)$$

2. (4 points) Solve $y(t) = t^3 + \int_0^t \sin(t-\tau)y(\tau) d\tau$ for $y(t)$.

$$\mathcal{L} \Rightarrow \bar{Y}(s) = \frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{1}{s^2+1} \cdot \bar{Y}(s)$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{Y}(s) \left[\underbrace{1 - \frac{1}{s^2+1}}_{= \frac{s^2}{s^2+1}} \right] = \frac{3!}{s^4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{Y}(s) = \frac{3!}{s^6} (s^2+1) = \frac{3!}{s^4} + \frac{3!}{s^6} \cdot \frac{4 \cdot 5}{4 \cdot 5}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \Rightarrow \boxed{y(t) = t^3 + \frac{t^5}{20}}$$

3. (2 points) Write $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t < 1 \\ 1+t & 1 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & t \geq 4 \end{cases}$ as a linear combination of translates of $H(t)$ ^{and 1} and then find its Laplace transform.

$$f(t) = 1 + \underbrace{t}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ f(t-1) \\ \Rightarrow f(t) = t+1}} H(t-1) - \underbrace{(1+t)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ f(t-4) \\ \Rightarrow f(t) = 5+t}} H(t-4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{F(s) = \frac{1}{s} + \left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s}\right) e^{-s} - \left(\frac{5}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2}\right) e^{-4s}}$$